

INTHE BUSINESS OF GOLD

TSX-V: NCAU OTCQX: NCAUF

MAY 2024
Investor Presentation



FORWARD LOOKING STATEMENTS



This presentation is provided for informational purposes only and the opinions expressed are based upon Newcore Gold Ltd.'s ("Newcore" or the "Company") analysis and interpretation and are not to be construed as a solicitation or offer to buy or sell the securities mentioned herein. The particulars contained herein were obtained from sources which we believe reliable but are not guaranteed by us and may be incomplete. This presentation includes statements that contain "forward-looking" information within the meaning of the applicable Canadian securities legislation ("forward-looking" statements"). All statements, other than statements of historical fact, are forward-looking statements and are based on expectations, estimates and projections as at the date of this presentation. Any statement that involves discussion with respect to predictions, expectations, beliefs, plans, projections, objectives, assumptions, future events or performance (often, but not always using phrases such as "plans", "expects", "is expected", "budget", "scheduled", "estimates", "forecasts", "intends", "anticipates", or "believes" or variations (including negative variations) of such words and phrases, or state that certain actions, events or results "may", "could", "would", "might" or "will" be taken, occur or be achieved) are not statements of historical fact and may be forward-looking statements. Forward-looking statements include, but are not limited to: statements with respect to the future price of gold; the estimation of Mineral Resources; statements about the estimate of mineral resources; magnitude or quality of mineral deposits; the development, operational and economic results of the PEA, timing and amount of estimated future production, cash flows, capital expenditures, development costs, extraction rates, recovery rates, mining cost estimates; anticipated advancement of the Enchi Gold Project mine plan; future operations; future exploration prospects; the completion and timing of future development studies; results of our ongoing drill campaign; anticipated advancement of mineral properties or programs; success of exploration activities; future exploration prospects; and the future growth potential of Enchi.

These forward-looking statements, and any assumptions upon which they are based, are made in good faith and reflect our current judgment regarding the direction of our business. The assumptions underlying the forward-looking statements are based on information currently available to Newcore. Although the forward-looking statements contained in this presentation are based upon what management of Newcore believes, or believed at the time, to be reasonable assumptions, Newcore cannot assure its shareholders that actual results will be consistent with such forward-looking statements, as there may be other factors that cause results not to be as anticipated, estimated or intended. Forwardlooking information also involves known and unknown risks, uncertainties and other factors which may cause the actual results, performance or achievements of the Company to be materially different from any future results, performance or achievements expressed or implied by the forward-looking information. Such factors include, among others: risks related to interpretation of metallurgical characteristics of the mineralization, changes in project parameters as plans continue to be refined, future metal prices, availability of capital and financing on acceptable terms, uninsured risks, regulatory changes, delays or inability to receive required approvals, taxes, mining title, the speculative nature of the Company's business; the Company's formative stage of development; the Company's financial position; possible variations in mineralization, grade or recovery rates; actual results of current exploration activities; fluctuations in general macroeconomic conditions; fluctuations in securities markets; fluctuations in spot and forward prices of gold and other commodities; fluctuations in currency markets (such as the Canadian dollar to United States dollar exchange rate); change in national and local government, legislation, taxation, controls, regulations and political or economic developments; risks and hazards associated with the business of mineral exploration, development and mining (including environmental hazards, unusual or unexpected geological formations); the presence of laws and regulations that may impose restrictions on mining; employee relations; relationships with and claims by local communities; the speculative nature of mineral exploration and development (including the risks of obtaining necessary licenses, permits and approvals from government

authorities); title to properties; and other risks and uncertainties related to our prospects, properties and business strategy as identified in the "Risks Factors" section of Newcore's Annual Information Form filed on April 17, 2024 and described in more detail in Newcore's recent securities filings available at www.sedarplus.ca. Actual events or results may differ materially from those projected in the forward-looking statements and Newcore cautions against placing undue reliance thereon. Except as required by applicable securities legislation, neither Newcore nor its management assume any obligation to revise or update these forward-looking statements. This presentation summarizes information about the Company and readers are encouraged to review Newcore's complete public disclosure.

Qualified Persons and Technical Reports

Mr. Gregory Smith, P. Geo, Vice President of Exploration of Newcore, is a Qualified Person as defined by National Instrument 43-101 *Standards of Disclosure for Mineral Projects* ("NI 43-101") and has reviewed and approved the technical data and information contained herein. The Mineral Resource Estimate for the Enchi Gold Project summarized in this presentation is from the technical report titled "Mineral Resource Estimate for the Enchi Gold Project" with an effective date of January 25, 2023, which was prepared for Newcore Gold by Todd McCracken, P. Geo., of BBA E&C Inc. and Simon Meadows Smith, P. Geo of SEMS Exploration Services Ltd. in accordance with NI 43-101 and is available under Newcore's SEDAR+ profile at www.sedarplus.ca. The data for the PEA on the Enchi Gold Project summarized in this presentation was prepared for Newcore Gold by Lycopodium as the lead consultant in accordance with NI 43-101 and is detailed in Newcore's news release issued on April 25, 2024. A technical report will be filed under the Company's SEDAR+ profile at www.sedarplus.ca within 45 days of the news release.

Cautionary Notes

The PEA is preliminary in nature and includes inferred mineral resources that are considered too speculative geologically to have the economic considerations applied to them that would enable them to be categorized as mineral reserves. There is no certainty the results of the PEA will be realized. Mineral resources are not mineral reserves and do not have demonstrated economic viability. Additional work is required to upgrade the mineral resources to mineral reserves. In addition, the mineral resource estimates could be materially affected by environmental, geotechnical, permitting, legal, title, taxation, socio-political, marketing or other relevant factors. This presentation should be read in conjunction with Newcore's news release issued on April 25, 2024. A technical report will be filed under the Company's SEDAR+ profile at www.sedarplus.ca within 45 days of the news release. Economic highlights represent Newcore's 100% interest in the Enchi Gold Project.

Alternative Performance Measures

This presentation includes certain terms or performance measures commonly used in the mining industry that are not defined under International Financial Reporting Standards ("IFRS"), including cash costs and AISC per ounce of gold. Non-GAAP measures do not have any standardized meaning prescribed under IFRS and, therefore, they may not be comparable to similar measures employed by other companies. We believe that, in addition to conventional measures prepared in accordance with IFRS, certain investors use this information to evaluate our performance. The data presented is intended to provide additional information and should not be considered in isolation or as a substitute for measures of performance prepared in accordance with IFRS.

Presentation prepared as of April 29, 2024. All currencies reported in Canadian dollars unless otherwise noted.



TSX-V: NCAU | OTCQX: NCAUF | 2

NEWCORE - ADVANCING THE ENCHI GOLD PROJECT IN GHANA





PROVEN TEAM | 22% Equity Ownership

Top-tier leadership with a successful track record in the industry and strong institutional investor support



GOLD ASSET | Resource Underpinned with PEA

Advancing the 100%-owned Enchi Gold Project in Ghana, located along one of West Africa's most prolific gold belts

Robust PEA - low capital, open pit, heap leach project



LOCATION | Multi-Million-Ounce Potential

District scale exploration potential, growing the existing gold resource along strike and at depth on a prolific gold belt

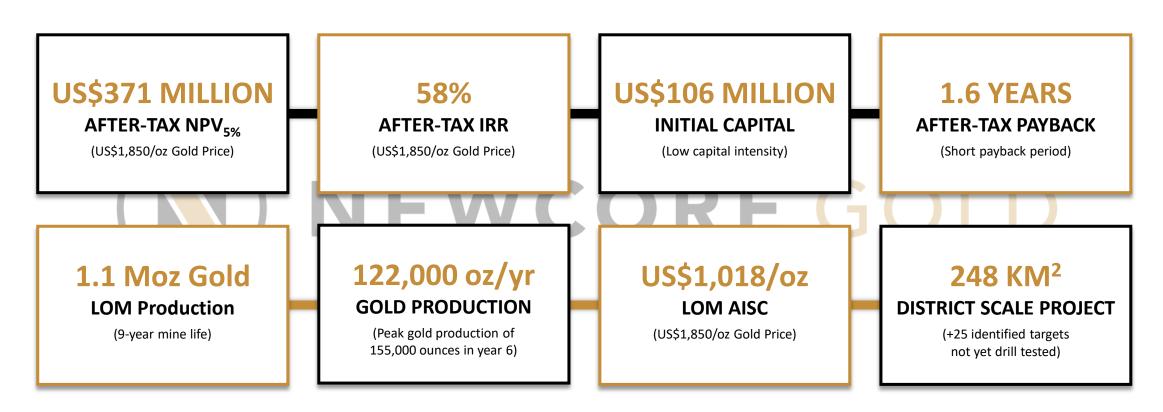




ENCHI GOLD PROJECT - SIMPLE, OPEN PIT, HEAP LEACH PROJECT



- Results for the 2024 PEA at Enchi highlight the potential for a technically straightforward, low capital intense, open pit, heap leach operation with strong economics, a short payback period and leverage to the gold price
- 🚺 Study led by Lycopodium, an independent engineering and project delivery group with unrivalled African experience



Note: The PEA was prepared for Newcore Gold by Lycopodium as the lead consultant in accordance with NI 43-101 - Standards of Disclosure for Mineral Projects. The PEA is preliminary in nature and includes Inferred mineral resources that are considered too speculative geologically to have the economic considerations applied to them that would enable them to be categorized as mineral reserves. There is no certainty the results of the PEA will be realized. Mineral resources are not mineral reserves and do not have demonstrated economic viability. Additional work is required to upgrade the mineral resources to mineral reserves. In addition, the mineral resource estimates could be materially affected by environmental, geotechnical, permitting, legal, title, taxation, socio-political, marketing or other relevant factors. This presentation should be read in conjunction with the news release issued on April 25, 2024. Economic highlights represent Newcore's 100% interest in the Enchi Gold Project.



ENCHI GOLD PROJECT - PEA LED BY LYCOPODIUM



Lycopodium



Lycopodium lead study manager for the PEA - Engineering group recognized globally for being a partner of choice

One of the strongest track records in both studies and project execution for West African projects



Noteworthy experience in Ghana

- Providing EPCM services for the design and construction of the process plant and infrastructure for Newmont's Ahafo North Project
- Lycopodium has been working with Newmont in Ghana since 2003 (Ahafo South, Akyem)



West Africa has an enviable history of projects being built ahead of schedule and under budget

- Shorter timelines from discovery to production
- Ghana is Africa's largest gold producer, and is a significant hub for both mining contractors and skilled mining labor

Project	Company	Location	Startup	Schedule	Budget
Seguela	Fortuna	Cote d'Ivoire	2023	On Time	On
Bombore	Orezone	Burkina Faso	2022	On Time	Under
Sanbrado	WAF	Burkina Faso	2020	Early	Under
Yaoure	Perseus	Cote d'Ivoire	2020	Early	Under
Ity CIL	Endeavour	Cote d'Ivoire	2019	Early	On
Wahgnion	Teranga	Burkina Faso	2019	Early	Under
Sissingue	Perseus	Cote d'Ivoire	2018	Early	On
Mako	Resolute/Toro	Senegal	2018	Early	On
Hounde	Endeavour	Burkina Faso	2017	Early	Under
Fekola	B2Gold	Mali	2017	Early	On
Yaramoko	Roxgold	Burkina Faso	2016	Early	Under
Bissa	Nordgold	Burkina Faso	2013	Early	On
Akyem	Newmont	Ghana	2013	On Time	Under







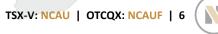












ENCHI GOLD PROJECT - PEA OVERVIEW





Technically straightforward, open pit, heap leach operation

- Processing 8.1 mtpa, contract mining
- Low LOM strip ratio of 2.67, no pre-stripping required



Strong project economics with low capital intensity

- After-tax NPV $_{5\%}$ of US\$371 million, after-tax IRR of 58% at a gold price of US\$1,850/oz
- Initial capital costs estimated at US\$106 million, including a 20% contingency, short after-tax payback period of 1.6 years



Robust gold production profile

- 121,839 ounces gold production annually over a 9-year mine life
- Peak gold production of 155,188 ounces in year 6
- 1.1 million ounces gold recovered over the life of mine



Longer-term growth potential from district scale exploration

 248 km² property largely underexplored and untested, all deposits open along strike and at depth

2024 PEA KEY PARAMETERS (All Currencies in US\$)

Key Assumptions	
Base Case Gold Price	\$1,850/oz
Production Profile	
Total Tonnes Processed (Mt)	69.8
Strip Ratio	2.67 : 1
Heap Leach Feed Grade	0.60 g/t Au
Mine Life	9 years
Throughput (mtpa)	8.1
Gold Recovery	81.8%
LOM Gold Production	1,096,553
LOM Average Annual Gold Production	121,839
Peak Gold Production in Year 6	155,188
Unit Operating Costs	
LOM Average Operating Cost (1)	\$801/oz gold
LOM Average Cash Cost (2)	\$934/oz gold
LOM AISC (Cash Cost plus Sustaining Cost) (3)	\$1,018/oz gold
Capital Costs	
Initial Capital Cost	\$106 million
Sustaining Capital Cost (4)	\$92 million
Closure Capital Cost	\$18 million

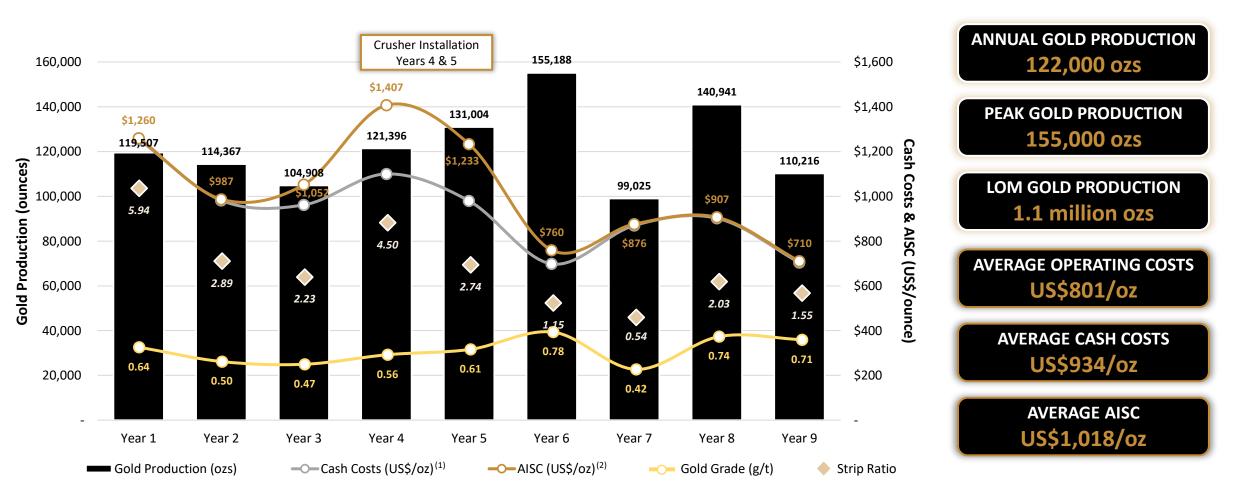


ENCHI GOLD PROJECT - PEA PRODUCTION & COST PROFILE





Robust production profile with a low-cost structure driven by a technically straightforward, open pit, heap leach operation with a low strip ratio utilizing contract mining





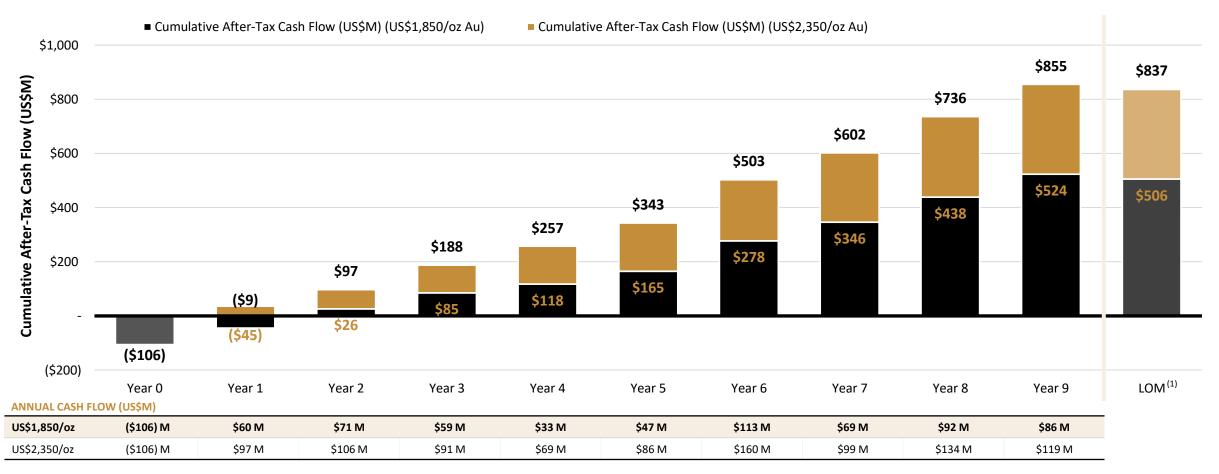
ENCHI GOLD PROJECT - PEA AFTER-TAX CASH FLOW PROFILE



Robust cash flow profile with short after-tax payback period of 1.6 years at a gold price of US\$1,850/oz



Strong leverage to gold prices, after-tax payback drops to 1.1 years at a gold price of US\$2,350/oz



ENCHI GOLD PROJECT - PEA LEVERAGE TO GOLD PRICE



Robust project economics provide strong leverage to the gold price with a quick payback period

As a result of low capital intensity, economics also remain robust in a lower gold price environment

(US\$ where applicable)			BASE CASE					RECENT
Gold Price (US\$/oz)	\$1,650	\$1,750	\$1,850	\$1,950	\$2,050	\$2,150	\$2,250	\$2,350
Pre-Tax NPV _{5%} (US\$M)	\$425 M	\$505 M	\$586 M	\$666 M	\$746 M	\$827 M	\$907 M	\$987 M
Pre-Tax IRR	58%	67%	77%	87%	97%	107%	117%	127%
Pre-Tax Payback	1.7 years	1.5 years	1.4 years	1.2 years	1.1 years	1.0 years	0.9 years	0.8 years
After-Tax NPV _{5%} (US\$M)	\$266 M	\$319 M	\$371 M	\$423 M	\$475 M	\$527 M	\$580 M	\$632 M
After-Tax IRR	44%	51%	58%	65%	72%	78%	85%	92%
After-Tax Payback	2.0 years	1.8 years	1.6 years	1.5 years	1.4 years	1.3 years	1.2 years	1.1 years

Sensitivity to operating costs, capital costs, gold recovery - project economics remain robust

(After-Tax NPV _{5%} , US\$M)
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(After-Tax NPV _{5%} , US\$ \mathbb{N})		BASE CASE				
Sensitivity Parameters	Base Case	-20%	-10%	0%	+10%	+20%
Operating Costs	\$12.58/t	\$462 M	\$417 M	\$371 M	\$325 M	\$279 M
Capital Costs (LOM)	\$216 M	\$395 M	\$383 M	\$371 M	\$359 M	\$346 M
Gold Recovery	81.8%	\$178 M	\$275 M	\$371 M	\$467 M	\$552 M

ENCHI GOLD PROJECT - METALLURGY



- N
 - Metallurgical testwork indicates strong recoveries, amenability to heap leach processing
 - Average gold recovery of 81.8% used in PEA economics
- N
 - **Extensive testwork completed**, projected overall recoveries estimated at 90-95%
 - More than 390 tests completed, including cyanide assays, bottle rolls, gravity gold recovery, size distribution analysis, dissolution bottle roll, column tests and bulk-scale pilot heap tests
- Majority of gold recovery occurs during the first 40 days of leaching, with final recovery achieved at 90 days
- Comminution testwork indicates oxide material is soft, sulphide material is competent
 - Allows for a delay in crushing installation, with softer material processed through mineral sizer rather than crusher
- Additional testwork underway to continue to de-risk the development of Enchi
 - Bottle rolls and column tests on oxide material from Boin, Sewum and Nyam;
 Optimized bottle rolls on sulphide samples from Sewum and Boin









ENCHI GOLD PROJECT - BULK-SCALE PILOT HEAP TESTS





Two bulk-scale pilot heap tests completed in 2023

 15-tonne composite samples of oxide mineralization from each of Sewum and Boin leached for 60-days



Average gold recovery of 91.9%

- Sewum: average gold recovery of 93.5%, head assay grade of 0.81 g/t Au
- Boin: average gold recovery of 90.3%, head assay grade of 1.09 g/t Au



Results showed low consumption rates for reagents (cement, cyanide, lime)

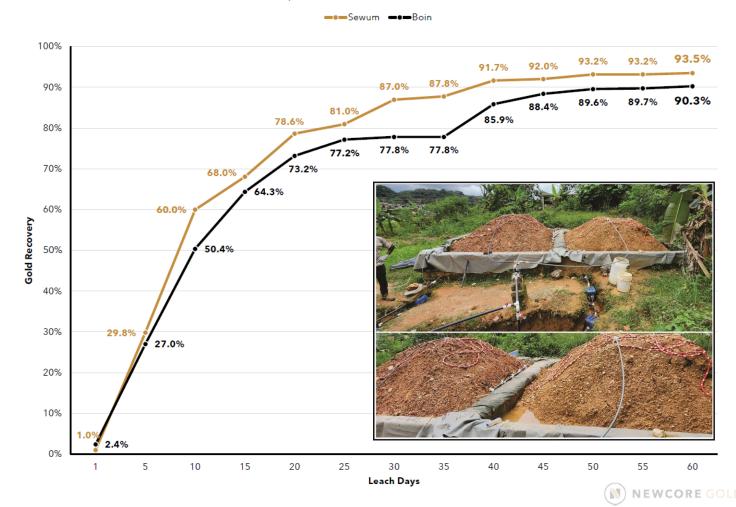
 Supports the results of column testwork completed to date which returned an average gold recovery of 92.2% (14 column tests of 60 days or longer)



Highlight's Enchi's amenability to heap leach processing

Enchi Gold Project - Pilot Heap Leach Tests - Gold Recovery versus Leach Days

Chart Accompanies News Release Dated November 21, 2023



ENCHI GOLD PROJECT - LOCATION & INFRASTRUCTURE





Location: Town of Enchi located ~10 km west of the Project

- Paved road and powerline crosses the central portion of the Project leading to the town of Enchi
- Fuel, accommodations, food, supplies available



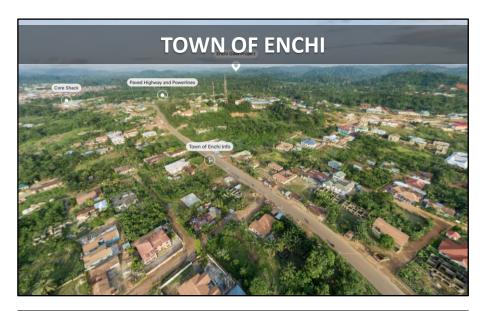
Labour: Region has a long history of mining

- Ghana is Africa's largest gold producer, strong government support for the mining sector
- Large population base of skilled and unskilled labour to draw upon for exploration, development, construction and production



Infrastructure: Ability to leverage from existing infrastructure near the Project

- Upgrades to existing gravel roads throughout the Project, options to connect power supply to grid
- No on-site accommodations required due to proximity of the Project to the town of Enchi

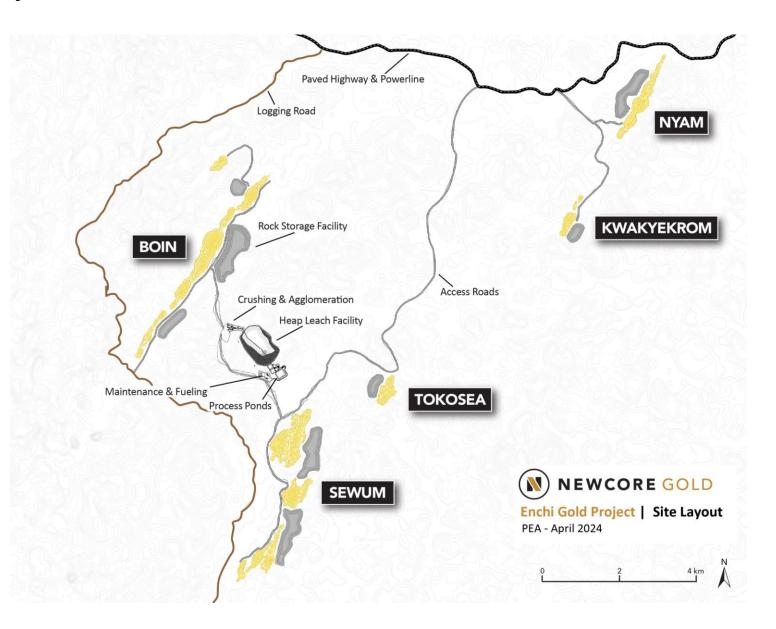






ENCHI GOLD PROJECT - PEA PROPOSED SITE LAYOUT





- The Enchi Gold Project is accessible from Accra, the capital of Ghana, on sealed roads with paved and gravel roads providing access to the deposit areas
- Mineralized material to be trucked from five deposits to a central crushing and heap leach facility
- Heap leach facility to be built in three phases over six years, with excess capacity available for future mine life extension
- Infrastructure at site will include an equipment maintenance workshop, refueling facilities, explosives magazine, assay laboratory, and warehouse facilities

ENCHI GOLD PROJECT - PEA MINING SCHEDULE





Contractor mining planned

Conventional truck and shovel operation



Mining to occur in a series of nine shallow open pits across five deposits

- Deposits: Sewum, Boin, Nyam, Kwakyekrom, Tokosea
- Mineralization exposed on surface, no pre-production waste stripping required
- Pit depths range from 20 to 200 metres, with an average pit depth of 75 metres
- 10-metre bench heights, with slope angles ranging from 28-43 degrees for oxide/transition mineralization and 46-50 degrees for fresh mineralization



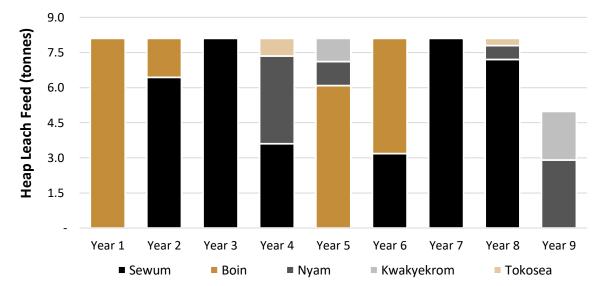
Mine plan focused on achieving consistent production rates and mining largest deposits early in the schedule given proximity to heap leach facility

Sewum and Boin comprise +80% of the tonnes mined

SUBSET OF MINERAL RESOURCES WITHIN PEA

Deposit	Tonnes (Mt)	Grade (g/t Au)	Avg. Recovery (%)	Gold Produced (payable ozs)	Strip Ratio
Sewum	36.6	0.52	82.1%	499,768	1.80:1
Boin	20.8	0.72	81.6%	389,405	3.68:1
Nyam	8.3	0.65	81.5%	141,141	3.21:1
Kwakyekrom	3.1	0.56	80.0%	44,119	2.72:1
Tokosea	1.1	0.79	82.5%	22,119	8.49:1
Enchi Project	69.8	0.60	81.8%	1,096,553	2.67:1

HEAP LEACH FEED BY DEPOSIT





ENCHI GOLD PROJECT - PEA CAPITAL COST DETAILS





Capital cost estimate based on open pit mining utilizing contract mining and heap leach processing at 8.1 mtpa



Initial Capital Costs

- 15-month construction timeline, 1.6 year payback
- Mineralization exposed on surface, no pre-strip
- Project benefits from relatively flat terrain, simple infrastructure with limited earthworks
- Infrastructure includes agglomeration, heap leaching, processing ponds, gold recovery plant, mining roads



Sustaining Capital Costs

- Heap leach pads to be built in three phases with excess capacity available for future mine life extension
- Crusher installation completed in years 4 and 5 to facilitate transition to processing transition and fresh rock mineralization

CAPITAL COST DETAILS (US\$ where applicable)

Capital Cost Items	Initial	Sustaining	Closure	Life-of-Mine
Mining Areas & Road Development	\$4.2	\$4.5	-	\$8.7
Heap Leach Facility (1)	\$9.9	\$14.8	-	\$24.7
Earthworks & Pads	\$1.6	-	-	\$1.6
Mechanical, Equipment & Piping	\$39.5	-	-	\$39.5
Power, Electrical, Instrumentation	\$7.9	-	-	\$7.9
Crusher Installation (2)	-	\$57.7	-	\$57.7
EPCM (Engineering & Procurement)	\$9.3	-	-	\$9.3
Construction Indirect Costs	\$7.8	-	-	\$7.8
Owner's Costs	\$7.8	-	-	\$7.8
Closure Capital	-	-	\$18.2	\$18.2
Contingency (20.0%)	\$17.6	\$15.4	-	\$33.0
Total Capital Costs	\$105.8	\$92.4	\$18.2	\$216.4



ENCHI GOLD PROJECT - PEA OPERATING COST DETAILS





Costs based on a detailed annual mining and processing schedule, including variations in haulage profiles



Mining Costs

Open pit mining undertaken by a contractor



Processing Costs

 Based on design process flowsheet that includes agglomeration, leach operation, general site maintenance, process labour and crushing in later years



Mine Site G&A Costs

- Includes mine site personnel, mining expenses, mineral tenure fees, land disturbance compensation
- US\$180,000 per year allocated for ESG initiatives



Royalties

- 5% gross royalty payable to the Ghana government
- 2% NSR royalty payable to Triple Flag Precious Metals

OPERATING COST DETAILS (US\$ where applicable)

Operating Cost Items	LOM (US\$M)	US\$/tonne leached	US\$/oz Au
Mining	\$546	\$7.83	\$498
Processing	\$285	\$4.09	\$260
Mine Site G&A	\$47	\$0.67	\$43
Total Operating Costs	\$878	\$12.58	\$801
Treatment & Refining Charges	\$4	\$0.06	\$4
Royalties	\$142	\$2.03	\$129
Total Cash Costs	\$1,024	\$14.68	\$934
Sustaining Capital (1)	\$92	\$1.32	\$84
All-in Sustaining Costs (AISC)	\$1,117	\$16.00	\$1,018

MINING COST ESTIMATE DETAILS

Material Type	Oxide	Transition	Fresh	Average
Mining (US\$/tonne mined)	\$1.70	\$2.43	\$3.00	\$2.14



ENCHI GOLD PROJECT - DE-RISKING TOWARDS CONSTRUCTION





Expanded Production Profile

An increase in average annual gold production to ~120,000 ounces (versus ~90,000 ounces in 2021)



Larger Mineral Resource Estimate

- 2023 Mineral Resource included ~34,000 metres of additional infill and resource expansion drilling
- Inaugural Indicated resource represents 47% of contained ounces, further de-risking the Project



Significant Additional Metallurgical Testwork

Average gold recovery of 81.8% (vs 79%), advanced metallurgical testwork consists of +390 tests including bottle rolls,
 column tests and two bulk-scale pilot heap tests highlighting Enchi's amenability to heap leach processing



Detailed Engineering Completed on the Heap Leach Facility

Advanced work on pad location, stacking methods, infrastructure requirements



Capital and Operating Costs Updated since 2021



Updated Environmental and Social Baseline Study

• An important milestone in continuing to de-risk and advance Enchi towards production. The Project is located in an area with a long history of gold exploration and mining.



ENCHI - ON TREND WITH PROMINENT GOLD MINES IN GHANA



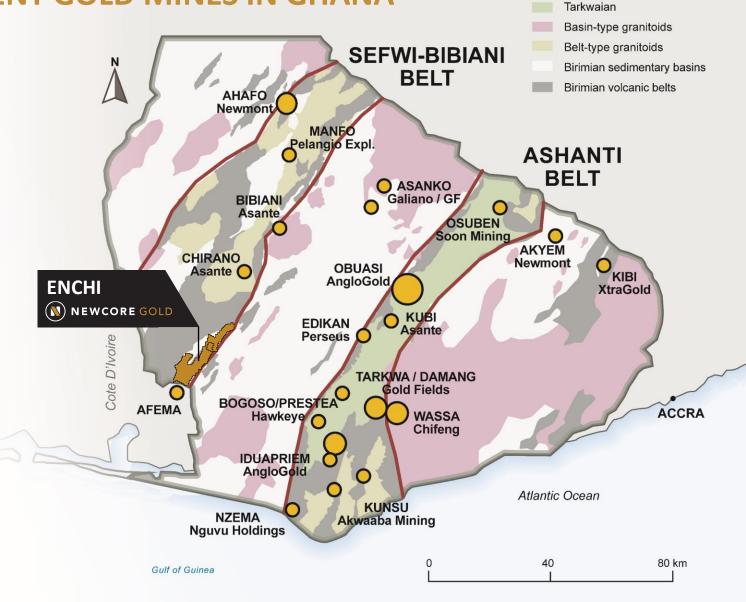
Sefwi-Bibiani Belt

Newmont - Ahafo	20.0Moz
Asante - Bibiani	6.5Moz
Asante - Chirano	5.5Moz
Afema	2.0Moz
Newcore Gold - Enchi*	743,500 ozs Indicated 972,000 ozs Inferred
Pelangio - Manfo	500koz



Ashanti Belt

AngloGold - Obuasi	66Moz
Gold Fields - Tarkwa	25Moz
Gold Fields - Damang	10Moz
Chifeng - Wassa	15Moz
Hawkeye - Bogoso/Prestea	7.5Moz
Newmont - Akyem	7.5Moz
Perseus - Edikan	7.0Moz
AngloGold - Iduapriem	6.8Moz
Shandong - Namdini	7.4Moz







ENCHI - GOLD PROJECT WITH SIZE AND SCALE POTENTIAL



743,500 ozs Indicated resource at 0.55 g/t, 972,000 ozs Inferred resource at 0.65 g/t*

District Scale Exploration, 248 km² property with +25 targets identified

Excellent resource expansion and discovery potential

Located on a Prolific Gold Belt, Enchi stretches along more than 40km of the Bibiani Shear Zone

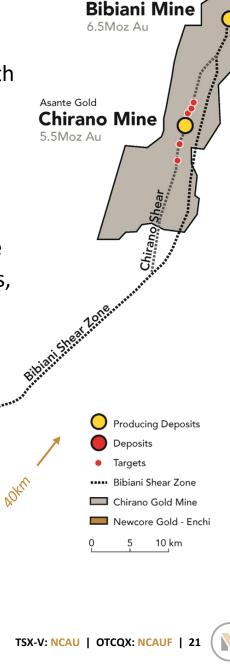
Same gold belt that hosts multi-million-ounce gold mines - Asante's Bibiani and Chirano Mines,
 Newmont's Ahafo mine to the north

Higher-Grade Structures Defined at Depth, longer-term growth potential from deeper sulphide mineralization that remains largely underexplored and untested

Limited drilling completed beyond a vertical depth of 200 metres

"This is a great piece of land in a great neighborhood. A long history of active exploration and mining has defined a prolific, regional structure that stretches hundreds of kilometers - and Enchi covers a significant part of it with district-scale, multi-million-ounce potential."

- Greg Smith, VP, Exploration



Kwakyekrom

ENCHI - MINERAL RESOURCE ESTIMATE





Pit constrained Mineral Resource Estimate for Enchi completed in 2023 at a gold price of US\$1,650/oz:

- Outlined an inaugural Indicated resource, de-risking project development
- Established the first high-grade underground resource of 135,900 gold ounces at an average grade of 2.42 g/t Au
 - Longer-term resource growth from sulphide mineralization (proof of concept)
- Added a fifth deposit at Enchi, inaugural Inferred resource at Tokosea



Resource does not include ~40,000 metres of drilling completed since 2021

 Targeting greenfield discoveries and high-grade sulphide mineralization at depth

Indicated Mineral Resource Estimate							
Deposit	Tonnes	Grade (g/t Au)	Contained Au (oz)				
Sewum	20,925,000	0.48	323,300				
Boin	13,020,000	0.62	258,200				
Nyam	7,791,000	0.65	162,000				
Total Indicated	41,736,000	0.55	743,500				

Inferred Mineral Resource Estimate							
Deposit	Tonnes	Grade (g/t Au)	Contained Au (oz)				
Sewum	21,798,000	0.53	373,100				
Boin	15,884,000	0.68	349,600				
Nyam	2,681,000	1.21	104,700				
Kwakyekrom	4,244,000	0.72	97,700				
Tokosea	1,949,000	0.75	46,900				
Total	46,556,000	0.65	972,000				



ENCHI - DISTRICT SCALE EXPLORATION OPPORTUNITY





Exploration opportunity largely underexplored and untested

 Drilling on earlier stage targets has demonstrated the strong potential to delineate additional resource areas across the district-scale 248 km² property



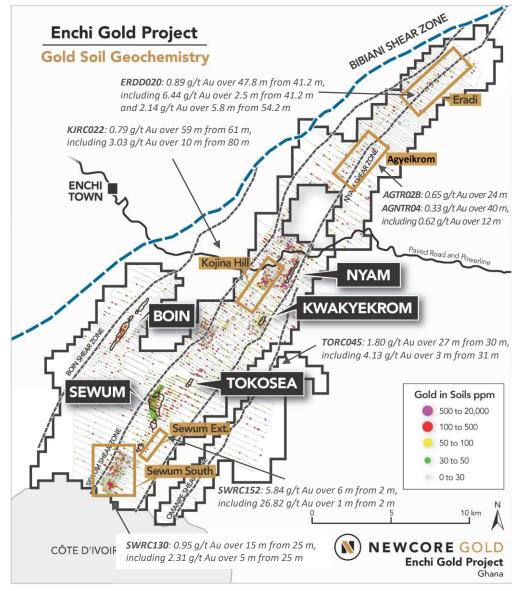
All resource areas remain open along strike and at depth

 Potential for mine life extension through resource growth at all existing deposits (Sewum, Boin, Nyam, Kwakyekrom, Tokosea)



Potential to define additional resource areas across the property at targets that do not currently have defined resources

- Strong drill results in pre-resource targets Kojina Hill and Eradi
- New discoveries made in 2022 from first pass drill testing at Sewum South, pre-resource target in near-proximity to proposed mine infrastructure
- +15 high priority geochemical and airborne geophysical structural targets across the property where surface gold mineralization has been identified but not yet drilled



ENCHI DEPTH POTENTIAL - CHIRANO COMPARABLE

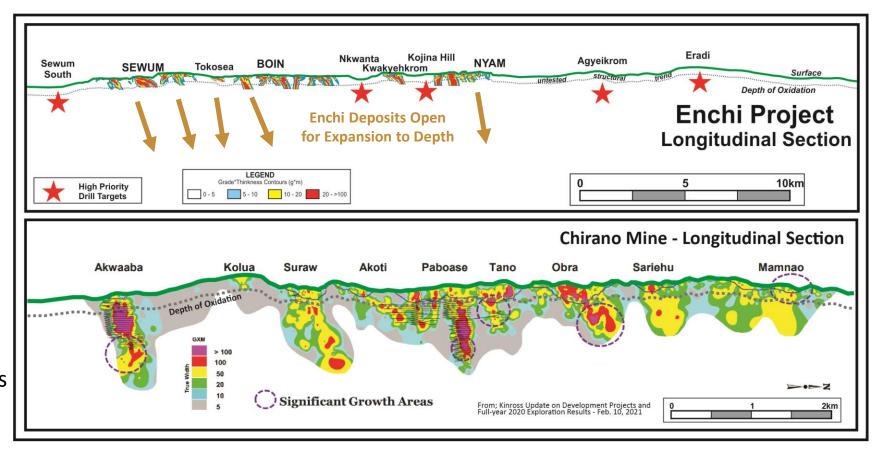


Asante's Chirano Gold Mine, located ~50 km northeast of Enchi, hosts plunging zones of high-grade gold mineralization with gold zones and geology comparable to Enchi

• Chirano has been in production since 2004, both open pit and underground operations, and has a +5-million-ounce

gold endowment

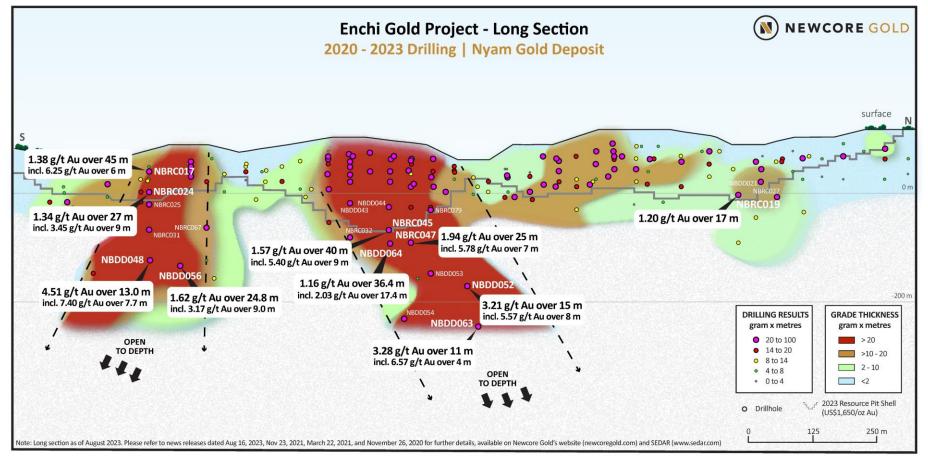
- Both properties exhibit numerous targets
 - At Enchi, only 9 of +25 targets identified have been drilled
- Chirano mine developed to depths of +800 metres
 - High-grade gold encountered at Enchi at depth
 - Enchi drilled to an average depth of 100 metres and a maximum depth of 350 metres



ENCHI DEPTH POTENTIAL - DEEPER DRILLING AT NYAM



- Drilling at Enchi has intersected wide zones of gold mineralization containing higher grade core structures
- Most deeper drilling to date at Enchi has been completed at the Nyam deposit
 - Mineralization defined to a vertical depth of 350 metres, with two steeply plunging higher-grade zones defined







GHANA - AFRICA'S TOP GOLD JURISDICTION

- 1 Ghana is Africa's largest gold producer, 6th largest worldwide and produces more gold per square km than Nevada*
- 2 Ghana's stable, democratic government supports mining
- 3 Mining and gold are essential to Ghana's economy and tax base
- 4 Ghana features the Prolific Bibiani Gold Belt, site of Newcore's Enchi Project
- **5** Modern infrastructure and skilled mining labor
- 6 English is the primary language
- 7 Strong presence of senior producers in-country

Ghana produced ~4.5 million ounces of gold in 2022, surpassing South Africa's production of ~3.3 million ounces*

Ghana produces more gold per square kilometer than Nevada*





GHANA - STRONG INVESTMENT ACTIVITY IN-COUNTRY





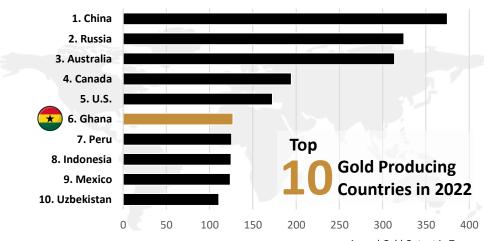
Strong presence of senior producers in-country, with 3 of the top 10 major gold producers operating in Ghana











Annual Gold Output in Tonnes Source: World Gold Council



Strong M&A and investment activity in-country over the past several years

Recent M&A Activity



Cardinal Resources Acquired by Shandong Gold
Acquired for ~US\$450 million in early 2021, extensive

bidding war between Nordgold and Shandong





Asante Gold Acquired Bibiani and Chirano Mines Purchased Bibiani from Resolute for US\$90 million, acquired Chirano from Kinross for US\$225 million





Cash takeout by Chifeng closed in January 2022, consideration of US\$470 million



Gold Fields & AngloGold Propose Joint Venture to create the largest gold mine in Africa (March 2023)

JV between neighboring assets, Tarkwa and Iduapriem

Recent Notable Investment Activity



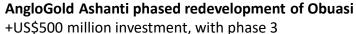
Newmont investing US\$950 - \$1,050 million to advance Ahafo North, expanding footprint in Ghana





MIIF strategic investment in Atlantic Lithium, US\$32.9 million to support project development





redevelopment planned through end of 2023





Ghana Minerals Income and Investment Fund (MIIF) US\$40 million equity investment in Asante Gold



NEWCORE GOLD - STRONG DEDICATION TO ESG





Strong commitment to the environment, good governance and community relations

Adding value for all stakeholder for sustainable growth long-term













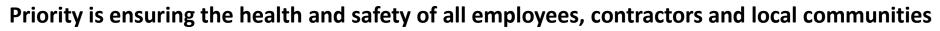












Strong safety culture at site with daily briefings and on-going training activities













NEWCORE GOLD - TOP TIER LEADERSHIP TEAM



Management Team













Board of Directors



Doug Forster Chairman

Lead Director



Omaya Elguindi Director

Doug Hurst

Director



Ryan King Director

VP, Exploration



Mike Vint Director



George Salamis Director



Luke Alexander President, CEO & Director

"It is rare to find a board like this in the junior sector: billions raised, startups turned into producers and numerous major wins for shareholders." Luke Alexander, President & CEO

Track Record Calibre **Newmarket Gold** KIRKLAND LAKE GOLD NATIONAL D Securities BANK INTEGRA GOLD NORTHERN INTERNATIONAL ROYALTY **EMPIRE**

NEWCORE GOLD - CORPORATE SNAPSHOT



Share Structure and Market Valuation

Basic Shares Outstanding	172.8M
Warrants Outstanding (exercise price of \$0.20, expire June 28, 2024)	16.7M
Options Outstanding	11.3M
RSUs/PSUs Outstanding	1.4M
Fully Diluted Shares Outstanding	202.1M

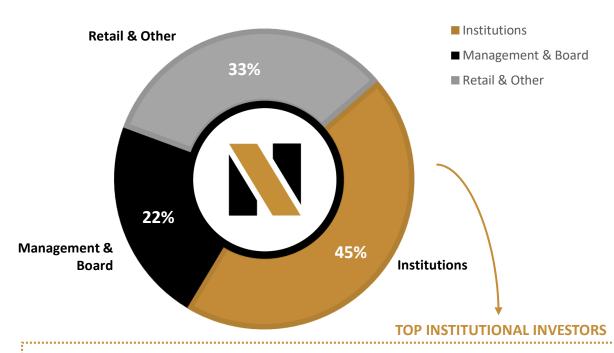
Market Cap (C\$)	~\$55M
Cash (C\$) (as of December 31, 2023)	~\$3.7M
Potential Warrant Proceeds (C\$)	~\$3.3M
Last 3-Month Average Daily Volume	~410,000

Analyst Coverage



Justin Chan

Share Ownership



















KEY TAKEAWAYS (N) NEWCORE GOLD







INTHE BUSINESS OF GOLD

TSX-V: NCAU

OTCQX: NCAUF

LEARN MORE ABOUT THE NEWCORE OPPORTUNITY

CONTACT INFORMATION

Mal Karwowska, VP, Corporate Development & IR

Office: +1 (604) - 484 - 4399 Email: info@newcoregold.com

www.newcoregold.com









2024 PEA ECONOMICS

ADDITIONAL INFORMATION

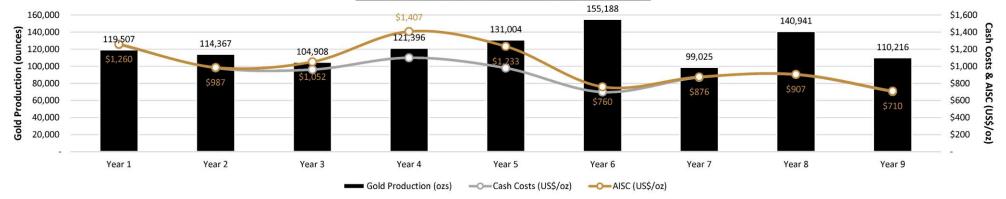
Newcore Gold Ltd. | Enchi Gold Project

2024 PEA - Summary of Production Schedule



	Units	Total/Average	Year 1	Year 2	Year 3	Year 4	Year 5	Year 6	Year 7	Year 8	Year 9	Year 10
MINING												
Mineralized Material Mined	kt	69,783	8,100	8,100	8,100	8,100	8,100	8,100	8,100	8,100	4,983	-
Waste Mined	kt	186,119	48,142	23,448	18,058	36,421	22,211	9,283	4,344	16,474	7,737	
Total Material Mined	kt	255,901	56,242	31,548	26,158	44,521	30,311	17,383	12,444	24,574	12,720	-
Strip Ratio		2.67	5.94	2.89	2.23	4.50	2.74	1.15	0.54	2.03	1.55	-
PROCESSING												
Heap Leach Feed	kt	69,783	8,100	8,100	8,100	8,100	8,100	8,100	8,100	8,100	4,983	
Heap Leach Feed Grade	g/t Au	0.60	0.64	0.50	0.47	0.56	0.61	0.78	0.42	0.74	0.71	-
Gold Recovery	%	81.8%	85.0%	85.0%	85.0%	85.0%	82.7%	78.4%	80.7%	78.2%	77.4%	-
Gold Placed on Heap Leach Pad	ozs	1,097,650	140,738	109,848	104,160	124,580	132,292	159,411	88,486	150,364	87,771	-0
Gold in Heap Leach Inventory (1)	ozs		21,111	16,477	15,624	18,687	19,844	23,912	13,273	22,555	-	-
Gold Recoverable Same Year	ozs	1,097,650	119,627	114,482	105,013	121,517	131,135	155,343	99,125	141,082	110,326	-
Payable Gold Produced (99.90%)	ozs	1,096,553	119,507	114,367	104,908	121,396	131,004	155,188	99,025	140,941	110,216	

Ench Gold Project - Production and Cost Profile



(1) Assumes 15% of gold is assumed to remain on the heap leach in inventory (leach delay) in the same year of processing (except last year of mining). Assumes this gold is recovered the following year.

Note: Readers are cautioned that the PEA is preliminary in nature. This production schedule from the PEA includes material classified as Inferred mineral resources. An Inferred mineral resource is that part of a mineral resource for which quantity and grade or quality are estimated on the basis of limited geological evidence and sampling. Geological evidence is sufficient to imply but not verify geological and grade or quality continuity. An Inferred mineral resource has a lower level of confidence than that applying to an Indicated mineral resource and must not be converted to a mineral reserve. It is reasonably expected that the majority of Inferred mineral resources could be upgraded to Indicated mineral resources with continued exploration. There is no certainty that PEA results will be realized. Mineral resources are not mineral reserves and do not have demonstrated economic viability. Cash costs consist of operating costs plus treatment and refining charges, and royalties. AISC consists of cash costs plus sustaining capital (excluding closure costs and taxes).



Newcore Gold Ltd. | Enchi Gold Project

2024 PEA - Summary of Cash Flow

Lycopodium

	Units	Total/Average	Year 0	Year 1	Year 2	Year 3	Year 4	Year 5	Year 6	Year 7	Year 8	Year 9	Year 10	Year 11	Year 12	Year 13	Year 1
EVENUES (US\$1,850/oz Gold Price)	Onits	rotal/Average	rear 0	Teal I	Teal Z	rear 3	Teal 4	Teal 3	real o	rear /	Teal o	rear 3	rear 10	Tegi II	Teal 12	Teal 13	real I
Gold Production	ozs	1,096,553	×	119,507	114.367	104.908	121,396	131,004	155,188	99,025	140,941	110,216	(2)	~	(2)	2	(4
Gold Dore (Gross Revenue)	US\$ '000s	\$2,028,623		\$221,089	\$211,580	\$194,080	\$224,582	\$242,357	\$287,098	\$183,197	\$260,741	\$203,899			-		
Treatment & Refining Charges	US\$ '000s	\$4,386	-	\$221,089	\$457	\$420	\$486	\$524	\$621	\$396	\$564	\$203,899	-				
and the state of t	US\$ '000s	\$141,916	55	\$15,467	\$14,801	\$13,577	\$15,711	\$16,955	\$20,084	\$12,816	\$18,241	\$14,264	0.52	-		1/8	0:
Royalties		\$1,882,321	2 2		300 31 30 30 30 30 30	\$180,083		\$224,879							<u> </u>		
Net Revenues	US\$ '000s	\$1,882,321	-	\$205,144	\$196,321	\$180,083	\$208,386	\$224,879	\$266,393	\$169,985	\$241,937	\$189,194	-		-	<u> </u>	
PERATING COSTS																	
Mining	US\$ '000s	\$546,391	-	\$97,604	\$60,693	\$50,485	\$80,903	\$73,576	\$47,137	\$33,547	\$67,252	\$35,194		-		*	-
Processing	US\$ '000s	\$285,069		\$31,234	\$31,234	\$31,234	\$31,234	\$32,074	\$35,368	\$34,209	\$35,928	\$22,553	1.51	-	100	5	-
Mine Site G&A (incl. Mineral Tenure Fees)	US\$ '000s	\$45,034		\$5,001	\$4,928	\$5,001	\$5,014	\$5,014	\$5,019	\$5,019	\$5,019	\$5,019	0.5		181	-	
Corporate & Social Responsibility	US\$ '000s	\$1,620	9	\$180	\$180	\$180	\$180	\$180	\$180	\$180	\$180	\$180	(8)	-	-		-
Total Operating Costs	US\$ '000s	\$878,114	2	\$134,020	\$97,035	\$86,900	\$117,332	\$110,844	\$87,704	\$72,955	\$108,379	\$62,946	-	-		¥	-
Total Operating Costs	US\$/oz	\$801	2	\$1,121	\$848	\$828	\$967	\$846	\$565	\$737	\$769	\$571	(4)	-		¥	14
Total Cash Cost (Operating + Refining + Royalties)	US\$/oz	\$934	-	\$1,255	\$982	\$962	\$1,100	\$980	\$699	\$870	\$902	\$705		-	-	-	
DITAL COSTS											7,2						
PITAL COSTS Initial Capital Costs																	
11 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1	LICÉ IDOD-	¢4.247	\$4.247	_						5025		-500		2.5			
Mining Areas & Road Development	US\$ '000s	\$4,247						-		-				-			-
Heap Leach Facility	US\$ '000s	\$9,918	\$9,918	-	-		-		-	-	-	-	:=:	-	-		-
Earthworks & Pads	US\$ '000s	\$1,568	\$1,568		-		•	**	7-		-		(e)	-	•	*	-
Mechanical, Equipment & Piping	US\$ '000s	\$39,526	\$39,526		-			*		-	-	*			•	5)	
Power, Electrical & Instrumentation	US\$ '000s	\$7,922	\$7,922	97.9	97				- 5	1.7			15.50	-			
EPCM (Engineering & Procurement)	US\$ '000s	\$9,302	\$9,302	-			-	-		-	-		-	-		-	
Construction Indirect Costs	US\$ '000s	\$7,835	\$7,835	-	-		-	-	-	-	-		-		-	- 2	
Owner's Costs	US\$ '000s	\$7,830	\$7,830	(-)	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	(+)	(-)	-	(+2	-	-
Contingency (20.0%)	US\$ '000s	\$17,630	\$17,630	190	-	*		-:	-	-	-	(#1)	-	-		-	
Total Initial Capital Costs	US\$ '000s	\$105,777	\$105,777	(5)	(E)		•			-		35)	(5)			-	
Sustaining Capital Costs																	
Mining Areas & Road Development	US\$ '000s	\$4,452	-	\$495	\$495	\$495	\$495	\$495	\$495	\$495	\$495	\$495	-	-	-	-	-
Crusher Installation	US\$ '000s	\$57,744	2	121	12		\$30,559	\$27,185		-	=	(2)	(5)	-	-	2	- 2
Heap Leach Facility Expansion	US\$ '000s	\$14,814	-	-	-	\$7,407	-	4	\$7,407	-	-	-	-	-	-	2	
Contingency (20.0%)	US\$ '000s	\$15,402		\$99	\$99	\$1,580	\$6,211	\$5,536	\$1,580	\$99	\$99	\$99	-			*	-
Total Sustaining Capital Costs	US\$ '000s	\$92,411	*	\$594	\$594	\$9,482	\$37,265	\$33,215	\$9,482	\$594	\$594	\$594	(#)			*	
Closure Costs (Incl. Environmental Monitoring)	US\$ '000s	\$18,223	-	-	S-2	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	\$8,962	\$8,962	\$150	\$150	
Total Capital Costs	US\$ '000s	\$216,412	\$105,777	\$594	\$594	\$9,482	\$37,265	\$33,215	\$9,482	\$594	\$594	\$594	\$8,962	\$8,962	\$150	\$150	
Total AISC (Cash Cost + Sustaining Capital) (1)	US\$/oz	\$1,018	-	\$1,260	\$987	\$1,052	\$1,407	\$1,233	\$760	\$876	\$907	\$710	-		-	ų.	- 2
(1) AISC consists of cash costs plus sustaining capital (exclude	2000 CO # 2000 CO	* // A TO 1 TO 1 TO 1		M. Sam Epondotto, I	2017-20-20-1	AR 10 F 0 70 70 00	0.2500 / E .0000 000	No. of Proceedings	30 * 0×0×2034//	0. 1 00000000	12.1073511.00	A-2007 I MAG	17-7	***	2/2/		

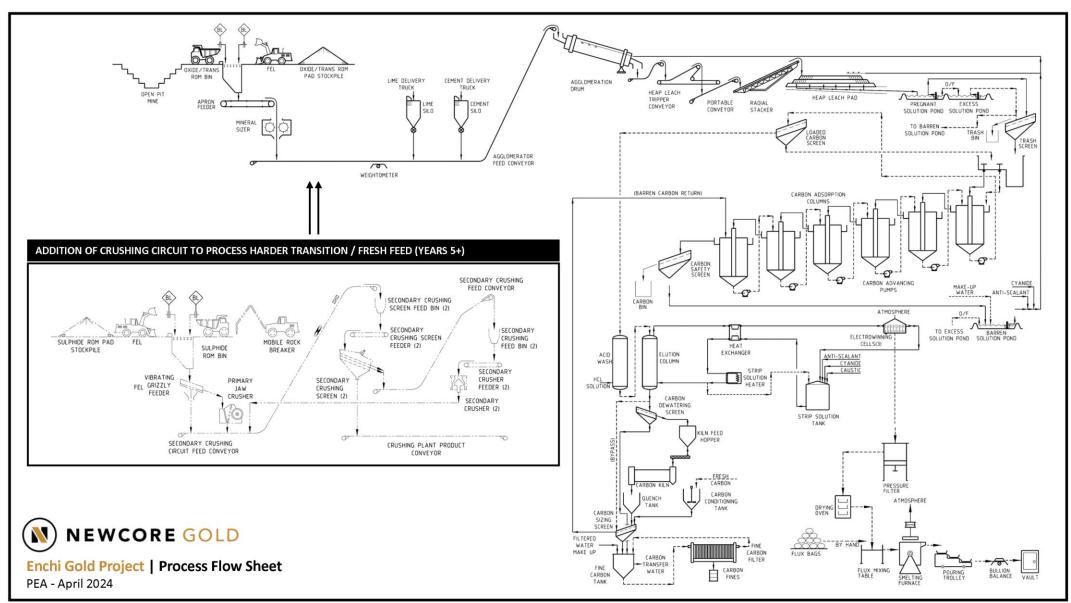
ASH FLOW																	
Pre-Tax Cash Flow	US\$ '000s	\$787,795	(\$105,777)	\$70,531	\$98,692	\$83,701	\$53,789	\$80,819	\$169,207	\$96,437	\$132,964	\$125,655	(\$8,962)	(\$8,962)	(\$150)	(\$150)	15
Corporate Income Tax	US\$ '000s	(\$282,106)	-	(\$10,043)	(\$27,262)	(\$24,463)	(\$21,109)	(\$34,232)	(\$56,239)	(\$27,658)	(\$41,065)	(\$40,036)	-	-	-	-	-
Post-Tax Cash Flow	US\$ '000s	\$505,688	(\$105,777)	\$60,488	\$71,430	\$59,239	\$32,680	\$46,588	\$112,969	\$68,779	\$91,900	\$85,619	(\$8,962)	(\$8,962)	(\$150)	(\$150)	-
			V														
NANCIAL SUMMARY	\$1,850 @	iold Price		Gold Price Sensit	ivity Analysis	\$1,650/oz	\$1,750/oz	\$1,850/oz	\$1,950/oz	\$2,050/oz	\$2,150/oz	\$2,250/oz	\$2,350/oz				
	Pre-Tax	After-Tax		Pre-Tax NPV5% (śM)	\$425	\$505	\$586	\$666	\$746	\$827	\$907	\$987				
Net Present Value (5% Discount Rate) (\$M)	\$586	\$371		Pre-Tax IRR		58%	67%	77%	87%	97%	107%	117%	127%				
Internal Rate of Return (%)	77%	58%		After-Tax NPV5%	(\$M)	\$266	\$319	\$371	\$423	\$475	\$527	\$580	\$632				

Note: Readers are cautioned that the PEA is preliminary in nature. This production schedule from the PEA includes material classified as inferred mineral resources. An inferred mineral resource is that part of a mineral resource for which quantity and grade or quality continuity. An inferred mineral resource has a lower level of confidence than that applying to an indicated mineral resources and must not be converted to a mineral resource sould be upgraded to indicated mineral resources with continued exploration. There is no certainty that PEA results will be realized. Mineral resources are not mineral resources and do not have demonstrated economic viability.



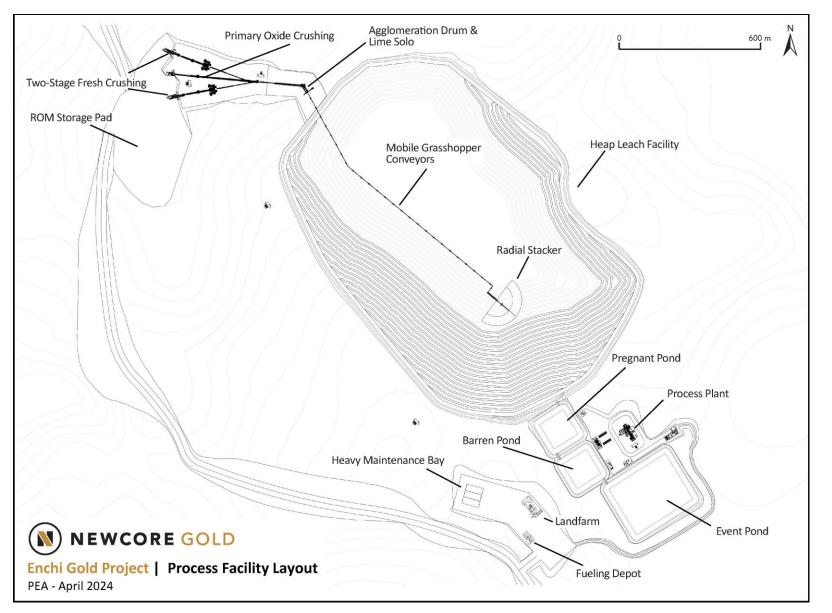
ENCHI GOLD PROJECT - PEA PROCESS FLOWSHEET





ENCHI GOLD PROJECT - PEA PROCESSING FACILITY LAYOUT



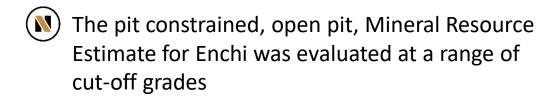


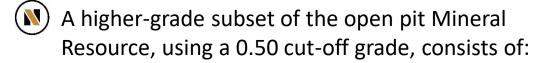
2023 MINERAL RESOURCE ESTIMATE

ADDITIONAL INFORMATION

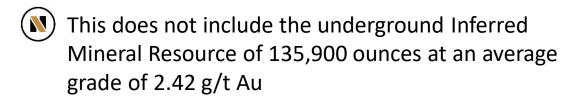
MINERAL RESOURCE ESTIMATE - CUT-OFF GRADE SENSITIVITY







- Indicated Resource of 493,700 ounces of gold at an average grade of 0.97 g/t Au
- Inferred Resource of 580,900 ounces of gold at an average grade of 1.04 g/t Au



Pit Constrained Indicated Mineral Resource Estimate							
Cut-Off Grade	Tonnes	Grade (g/t Au)	Contained Au (oz)				
0.1	47,702,000	0.50	768,200				
0.2	36,549,000	0.61	716,700				
0.3	28,258,000	0.72	650,600				
0.4	21,240,000	0.84	571,600				
0.5	15,838,000	0.97	493,700				

Pit Constrained Inferred Mineral Resource Estimate							
Cut-Off Grade	Tonnes	Grade (g/t Au)	Contained Au (oz)				
0.1	55,202,000	0.50	881,000				
0.2	38,924,000	0.64	805,300				
0.3	28,950,000	0.78	726,000				
0.4	22,348,000	0.91	652,900				
0.5	17,307,000	1.04	580,900				

Underground Inferred Mineral Resource Estimate							
Cut-Off Grade	Tonnes	Grade (g/t Au)	Contained Au (oz)				
1.5	1,747,000	2.42	135,900				

These numbers are from the technical report titled "Mineral Resource Estimate for the Enchi Gold Project" with an effective date of January 25, 2023, which was prepared for Newcore Gold by Todd McCracken, P. Geo. of BBA E&C Inc. and Simon Meadows Smith, P. Geo of SEMS Exploration Services Ltd. in accordance with National Instrument 43-101 Standards of Disclosure for Mineral Projects and is available under Newcore's SEDAR profile at www.sedar.com. This information should be read in conjunction with the technical report, with detail also available in Newcore Gold's news release dated March 7, 2023. CIM definition standards were followed for the resource estimate. The 2023 resource models used ordinary kriging (OK) grade estimation within a three-dimensional block model with mineralized zones defined by wireframed solids and constrained by pits shell for Sewum, Boin and Nyam. Kwakyekrom and Tokosea used Inverse Distance squared (ID²). Mineral Resources that are not mineral reserves do not have economic viability. Numbers may not add due to rounding. See slide 43 for full technical disclosure.



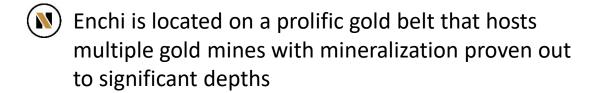
MINERAL RESOURCE ESTIMATE - UNDERGROUND RESOURCE

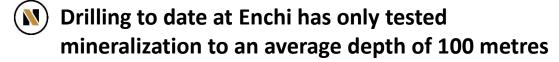




Established first underground resource at Enchi

 Highlights potential to define meaningful resource growth from additional exploration of the sulphide mineralization at depth





 Only a handful of holes have tested a maximum depth of 350 metres in one zone (at Nyam)

Indicated Mineral Resource Estimate by Deposit and Mining Method							
Deposit	Туре	Tonnes	Grade (g/t Au)	Contained Au (oz)			
Sewum	Open Pit	20,925,000	0.48	323,300			
Boin	Open Pit	13,020,000	0.62	258,200			
Nyam	Open Pit	7,791,000	0.65	162,000			
Total Indicated		41,736,000	0.55	743,500			

Inferred	Inferred Mineral Resource Estimate by Deposit and Mining Method								
Deposit	Туре	Tonnes	Grade (g/t Au)	Contained Au (oz)					
Sewum	Open Pit	21,154,000	0.47	317,600					
Sewuiii	Underground	644,000	2.68	55,500					
Boin	Open Pit	15,884,000	0.68	349,600					
Nivono	Open Pit	1,852,000	0.68	40,600					
Nyam	Underground	829,000	2.41	64,000					
Kwalayokrom	Open Pit	3,970,000	0.64	81,000					
Kwakyekrom	Underground	274,000	1.86	16,300					
Tokosea	Open Pit	1,949,000	0.75	46,900					
Total Inferred		46,556,000	0.65	972,000					
Inferred - Unde	Inferred - Underground Subset		2.42	135,900					

E&C Inc. and Simon Meadows Smith, P. Geo of SEMS Exploration Services Ltd. in accordance with National Instrument 43-101 Standards of Disclosure for Mineral Projects and is available under Newcore's SEDAR profile at www.sedar.com. This information should be read in conjunction with the technical report, with detail also available in Newcore Gold's news release dated March 7, 2023. CIM definition standards were followed for the resource estimate. The 2023 resource models used ordinary kriging (OK) grade estimation within a three-dimensional block model with mineralized zones defined by wireframed solids and constrained by pits shell for Sewum, Boin and Nyam. Kwakyekrom and Tokosea used Inverse Distance squared (ID²). Mineral Resources that are not mineral reserves do not have economic viability. Numbers may not add due to rounding. See slide 43 for full technical disclosure.

These numbers are from the technical report titled "Mineral Resource Estimate for the Enchi Gold Project" with an effective date of January 25, 2023, which was prepared for Newcore Gold by Todd McCracken, P. Geo. of BBA



MINERAL RESOURCE ESTIMATE - BY MINERALIZATION TYPE





Weathering profile varies by area at Enchi

 Depth of oxide mineralization typically 20 to 30 metres, can reach up to 100 metres



Most drilling to date has focused on top 150 metres of mineralization



Majority of current resource hosted within oxide and transition material which is amenable to open pit mining and heap leach processing

Indicated Mineral Resource Estimate by Mineralisation Type							
Deposit	Tonnes	Grade (g/t Au)	Contained Au (oz)				
Oxide	14,365,000	0.52	241,000				
Transition	19,046,000	0.50	306,000				
Fresh	8,325,000	0.73	196,500				
Total Indicated	41,736,000	0.55	743,500				

74% Oxide + Transition

Inferred Mineral Resource Estimate by Mineralisation Type			
Deposit	Tonnes	Grade (g/t Au)	Contained Au (oz)
Oxide	15,913,000	0.44	224,300
Transition	14,894,000	0.50	237,600
Fresh	15,749,000	1.01	510,000
Total Inferred	46,556,000	0.65	972,000

48% Oxide + Transition

These numbers are from the technical report titled "Mineral Resource Estimate for the Enchi Gold Project" with an effective date of January 25, 2023, which was prepared for Newcore Gold by Todd McCracken, P. Geo. of BBA E&C Inc. and Simon Meadows Smith, P. Geo of SEMS Exploration Services Ltd. in accordance with National Instrument 43-101 Standards of Disclosure for Mineral Projects and is available under Newcore's SEDAR profile at www.sedar.com. This information should be read in conjunction with the technical report, with detail also available in Newcore Gold's news release dated March 7, 2023. CIM definition standards were followed for the resource estimate. The 2023 resource models used ordinary kriging (OK) grade estimation within a three-dimensional block model with mineralized zones defined by wireframed solids and constrained by pits shell for Sewum, Boin and Nyam. Kwakyekrom and Tokosea used Inverse Distance squared (ID²). Mineral Resources that are not mineral reserves do not have economic viability. Numbers may not add due to rounding. See slide 43 for full technical disclosure.



ENCHI GOLD PROJECT TECHNICAL DISCLOSURE



2023 Mineral Resource Estimate

- Canadian Institute of Mining Metallurgy and Petroleum ("CIM") definition standards were followed for the resource estimate.
- 2. The 2023 resource models used ordinary kriging (OK) grade estimation within a three-dimensional block model with mineralized zones defined by wireframed solids and constrained by pits shell for Sewum, Boin and Nyam. Kwakyekrom and Tokosea used Inverse Distance squared (ID²).
- 3. Open pit cut-off grades varied from 0.14 g/t to 0.25 g/t Au based on mining and processing costs as well as the recoveries in different weathered material.
- 4. Heap leach cut-off grade varied from 0.14 g/t to 0.19 g/t in the pit shell and 1.50 g/t for underground based on mining costs, metallurgical recovery, milling costs and G&A costs.
- 5. CIL cut off grade varied from 0.25 g/t to 0.27 g/t in a pit shell and 1.50 g/t for underground based on mining costs, metallurgical recovery, milling costs and G&A costs.
- 6. A US\$1,650/ounce gold price was used to determine the cut-off grade.
- 7. Metallurgical recoveries have been applied to five individual deposits and in each case three material types (oxide, transition, and fresh rock).
- 8. A density of 2.19 g/cm³ for oxide, 2.45 g/cm³ for transition, and 2.72 g/cm³ for fresh rock was applied.
- 9. Optimization pit slope angles varied based on the rock types.
- 10. Reasonable mining shapes constrain the mineral resource in close proximity to the pit shell.
- 11. Mineral Resources that are not mineral reserves do not have economic viability. Numbers may not add due to rounding.
- 12. The resource estimate was prepared by Todd McCracken, P. Geo. of BBA E&C Inc. Todd McCracken, P. Geo. is an independent qualified person under NI 43-101.
- 13. Mr. Gregory Smith, P. Geo, the Vice-President of Exploration of the Company, is the Qualified Person as defined by NI 43-101, and is responsible for the accuracy of the technical data and information.
- 14. These numbers are from the technical report titled "Mineral Resource Estimate for the Enchi Gold Project" with an effective date of January 25, 2023, which was prepared for Newcore Gold by BBA E&C Inc. and SEMS Exploration Services Ltd. in accordance with NI 43-101 and is available under Newcore's SEDAR+ profile at www.sedarplus.ca.

Notes for Drilling Results (2020 - 2023)

- 1. Intervals reported are core lengths with true width estimated to be 75 85%.
- 2. Length-weighted averages from uncut assays.
- 3. All drilling completed by independent contractor.
- 4. All drilling samples sealed on site and delivered directly to independent lab Intertek Mineral Limited located in Tarkwa, Ghana for preparation and 50g Fire Assay with AAS finish.
- 5. QA/QC procedures include industry standard inclusion of standards, blanks, and duplicates in all sample batches.

2024 Preliminary Economic Assessment ("PEA")

- The PEA is based upon the Company's 2023 Mineral Resource Estimate for the Enchi Project reported on March 7, 2023. The PEA demonstrates the potential viability of mining the Inferred Mineral Resources in an open pit, heap leach mine with heap leach feed material trucked from five proximal deposits (Sewum, Boin, Nyam, Kwakyekrom, Tokosea) to a central crushing and process facility. The processing of 8.1 million tonnes per year of heap leach material would result in the production of gold doré.
- 2. The financial model was completed using a base case gold price of US\$1,850 per ounce. The base case pre-tax economic evaluation has an IRR of 77%, payback of capital in 1.4 years, and a NPV of US\$586 million at a discount rate of 5%.
- 3. The PEA includes an initial capital cost of US\$106 million (including a 20% contingency); sustaining capital of US\$92 million (including a contingency of 20%); reclamation and closure costs of US\$18 million.
- 4. The financial model was completed on a 100% Project basis and includes a 5% NSR to the Ghanaian Government and a 2% NSR to Triple Flag Precious Metals Corp.
- 5. The after-tax financial model includes a 35% corporate tax, demonstrating a base case NPV of US\$371 million at a discount rate of 5%. The Government of Ghana has the right to a 10% free carry interest in the Project.
- 6. An average gold recovery of 81.8% was utilized.
- 7. Cash costs consist of mining costs, processing costs, mine site G&A, treatment and refining charges, and royalties. AISC consists of cash costs plus sustaining capital (excluding closure costs).
- 8. Numbers may not add due to rounding.
- 9. The PEA is preliminary in nature, and it includes Inferred Mineral Resources that are considered too speculative geologically to have the economic considerations applied to them that would enable them to be categorized as mineral reserves. Mineral resources that are not mineral reserves do not have demonstrated economic viability. There is no certainty that the PEA will be realized.
- 10. Mr. Gregory Smith, P.Geo, the VP of Exploration of the Company, is the Qualified Person as defined by NI 43-101, and is responsible for the accuracy of the technical data and information.
- 11. A full technical report, which is being prepared for Newcore Gold by Lycopodium Minerals Canada Limited, Micon International Limited, and SEMS Exploration Services Ltd. in accordance with NI 43-101 will be available under Newcore's SEDAR+ profile at www.sedarplus.ca within 45 days of announcement. In the meantime, please refer to Newcore's news release dated April 25, 2024.

Non-IFRS Financial Measures

Certain non-IFRS financial measures are included in the PEA, such as initial capital cost, sustaining capital cost, total capital cost, cash costs and AISC, which are not measures recognized under IFRS and do not have a standardized meaning prescribed by IFRS. As a result, these measures may not be comparable to similar measures reported by other companies. Each of these measures used are intended to provide additional information to the reader and should not be considered in isolation or as a substitute for measures prepared in accordance with IFRS. Non-IFRS financial measures common to the gold mining industry include cash costs which consist of mining costs, processing costs, mine site G&A, treatment and refining charges, and royalties; as well as AISC which consists of cash costs plus sustaining capital (excluding closure costs).

